Admissions in a changing world

Ben JordanSenior Policy and
Qualifications Manager



What is UCAS?

26m

visits to ucas.com
each year



Understanding demand for higher education

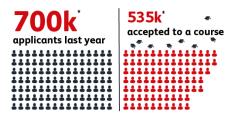


we publish 2.5 million data points, freely available to download and re-use At the heart of **connecting people** to **higher education**



Total number of **placed applicants** through the UCAS Undergraduate scheme





*699,850 applications and 533,890 accepted into full time study in 2017.

UCAS Media

UCAS is an independent charity

with a commercial subsidiary







Profits from UCAS Media **go back** into the charity



The admissions cycle

15 October

Deadline for applications to the universities of Oxford and Cambridge, and for most courses in medicine, dentistry, and veterinary medicine/science.

15 January

Deadline for most undergraduate courses. An application can still be sent after this date, but the universities and colleges concerned cannot guarantee they'll give it equal consideration.

May

UCAS search opens.

30 June

Last date for reciept of applications. Applications recieved after this deadline are automatically entered into Clearing.

September

Students can submit applications via UCAS Apply.

6 August

SQA results day.

15 August

A level results day.

5 July

Clearing vacancies shown in the UCAS search tool.

How UCAS supports

- 35,000 courses on UCAS search
- 50+ exhibitions and events
- Information and advice for all post-18 options
- Tailored communications
- Social media support
- Serving over 200 countries
- Dual site customer experience centre
- Advice for teachers and parents

Who is 'the applicant'?

We recognise that 'the applicant' is not one single person or identity. People will enter higher education from all walks of life, all with different starting points.





62% of 18 year old UK applicants hold 3 or more A levels.



12% of UK applicants declare a disability.



13% of applicants are aged 25 and over.



12% of UK 18 and 19 year old applicants are from **FE colleges**.



13% of accepted applicants are placed through **Clearing**.



19% of applicants are from outside the UK.



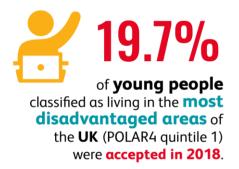
26% of applicants are from POLAR4 Q1 and Q2.



Improvements in access and participation



33% of 18 year olds in the UK were accepted





Disadvantaged young people are nearly

80% more likely

to go to university today than they were in 2006



But there is more to be done ...

2.36:1

The current ratio of entry rates for Q5 : Q1 (POLAR4).

The proportion of 18 year olds living in the most advantaged areas, who have secured a place in HE through UCAS, is more than double that of their peers in the most disadvantaged areas.



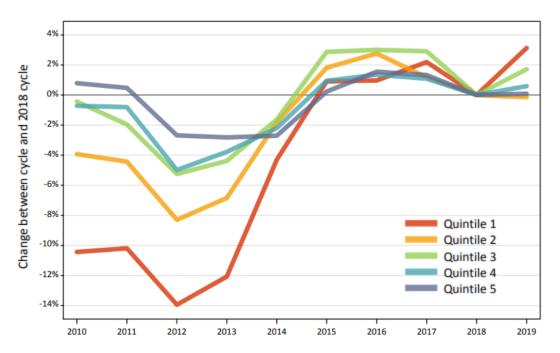
Largest proportional increases in entry rates are seen in the more disadvantaged quintiles (1 and 2).



Entry rates for quintiles 3 and 4 are flat vs. 2017.



15 January deadline: POLAR4



- The gap between the most and least advantaged applicants has narrowed
- A record 23.2% of young people living in the most disadvantaged areas of the UK (quintile 1) have applied - up 1.3 percentage points.
- 53.5% of those living in the most advantaged areas (quintile 5) applied – up one percentage point.



Who is applying direct to Clearing?

67k via Clearing

17.5k direct

UK-based 2.5% of all UK acceptances

used this route





Mature 70% aged 20 and over

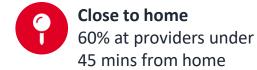




English
91% English domiciled
acceptances







Lower tariff
4% of all acceptances to these
providers were DTC











Admissions Process Review

- In 2012, UCAS facilitated a comprehensive national consultation on introducing PQA.
- Found PQA to be theoretically attractive, but that it posed significant risk to disadvantaged groups without change to school or academic year.

Key concerns included:

- Lack of time, support and protections for student decision making.
- Likelihood of a more mechanistic admissions process, lacking contextualisation.
- Lack of time to accommodate admissions tests, auditions and interviews.
- Range of operational challenges and dependencies.



87%

Satisfaction for those applying through Clearing



92%

Satisfaction with UCAS products and services

Students

Customer satisfaction with UCAS products and services is high

Advisers

Satisfaction with UCAS products and services



Providers

90%

Rated their experience of 2018 Clearing as 'great' or 'good'



89%

Satisfaction with UCAS products and services



Student decision-making is complex and individual – transparency is key

6,500 respondents to UCAS'

<u>learner lens survey.</u> Primary reasons for not applying to a higher tariff provider were:

49%

thought the entry requirements were too high

20%

thought it would be too expensive to live at these universities

41%

thought none of these universities offered the courses they were interested in

Applicants said they would appreciate more information about what grades are really needed to get in and the likelihood of getting a place if their grades fall slightly short of their offer.

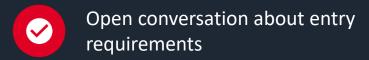
Focus group: How do you feel about the idea of a PQA system?

- Too much pressure given the timescales between receiving results and starting uni support from school is very important especially whilst they are also focusing on their studies.
- Not practical but it would remove uncertainty.
- Reduced support with PQA could lead to students making less aspirational choices.



Current developments to enhance system





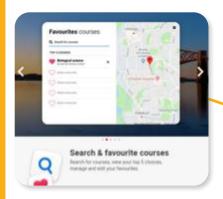
- Innovative approach to I+A: personalisation and data-driven tools
- New application management service live for the 2021 entry cycle.

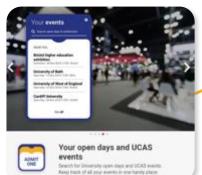
Advancements in support for widening access and participation: new questions and MEM

Enhancements to Clearing

The UCAS Hub









Welcome to your Dashboard

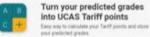
Stay organised, supported and informed from start to apply.

Thanks I've got it









The applicant of 2026

+14%

The proportional difference in the number of

UK 11 year olds compared to the number of UK 18 year olds



Ratio of 1:1.14 (707,888: 805,819)



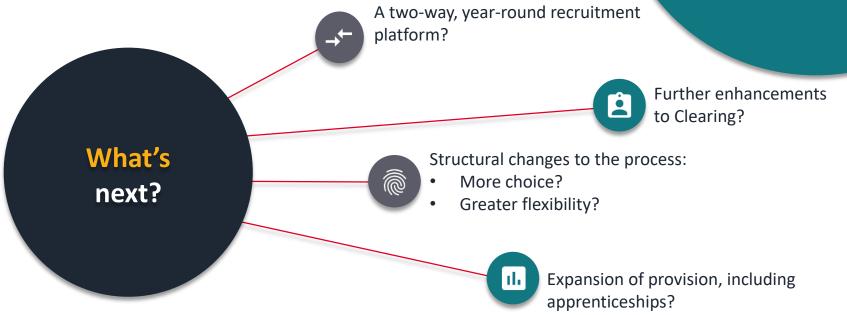
Demand for over 50,000 more HE places by 2030



Potential additional fee income of £1,387,500,000 based on current top rates



As we shape our Corporate Strategy 2020 – 2025...



Thank you

b.jordan@ucas.ac.uk

